星座constellation

大家好，给大家介绍一下我的 星座。

哎呀嘛，咔咔的！

1. 什么是星座？

星座是指天上某些恒星的组合，是人们古代以来将神话与现实结合的一种表现。

2．星座能干什么？

古时广泛用于航海，现在用于找对象和听故事。

3．星座的分类有哪些？

（1）从起源上分，主要分为四类，依次源自西方、中国、印度以及阿拉伯世界。

（2）从系统上分，分为亮星星座和暗云星座。

4.现代星座如何演变？

现代星座中有很大一部分是由托勒密星座演变过来，1922年，国际天文学会将全天划分为88个星座，1930年，国际天文学会正式定义了这些星座的边界。

5.星座如何观测？

初学者可以借用观星软件帮助识别，第一步，找猎户座的七颗亮星，第二步找北斗七星，第三部找北极星，第四步，找黄道，第五步，找猎户座，第六步，找双子座的北河二和北河三，第七步，顺着黄道一直往东找到轩辕十四。综上，基本上认识了猎户猎户、大熊、小熊、仙后、大犬、小犬、双子、狮子等七个星座。

1.What is the constellation?

The constellation is the combination of certain stars in the sky, which is a combination of myth and reality in ancient times.

1. What can constellation do?

In ancient times, widely used in navigation, now used to find the other half and listen to stories.

3. What are the categories of constellations?

From the origin, it is divided into four categories, in turn from the west, China, India and the Arab world. From the system, it is divided into bright stars and dark clouds.

4How does the modern constellation evolve?

A large part of the modern constellation is evolved from Ptolemy, and in 1922, the international astronomical society will be divided into 88 constellations. In 1930, the international astronomical society officially defines the boundaries of these constellations.

5. How to observe the constellation?

Beginners can use the software to help identify. The first step, looking for Orion's seven bright stars, the second step to find the big dipper, the third to find the north star, the fourth step, to find the constellation of the constellation, the fifth step, to find Orion, the sixth step. Look for the Gemini two and three, and the seventh step, follow the zodiac to the east and find Xuanyuan fourteen. On the basis of these, there are basically seven constellations of Orion, bear, bear, the dragon, the big dog, the small dog, the Gemini, the lion, and so on.